

[illegible]

Total Site Area	14,212 acres = 619,075 Square Feet
Undisturbed Natural Area	188,732 Square Feet
Net Site Area	430,343 Square Feet

Street Trees	10%	1 tree per 40 LF		
Shrub Trees	15%	1 tree per 40 LF	118 Linear Feet	12 new trees + 9 ex. trees
Site Trees and Shrubs				Provided
1 tree per 600 Square Feet			89 trees	
1 shrub per 10 Square Feet			891 Shrubs	
Parking Lot Trees				
1 tree per 20 spaces			646 shrubs	772 shrubs (80% in Prospect)
1 tree per 20 spaces				Provided
				10 new trees + 20 ex. trees

Bury boulder minimum 8' and
temp into place

Boulder Type: Money Misp
Available from local source
Size: 3 1/2' (L) x 2 1/2' (W) x 3 1/4' (H)

CITY CASE #: XXXXXX
LEGAL DESCRIPTION:
1355 E. SEETON ROAD
GRAND PRAIRIE, TEXAS 75054
OUT OF THE S.C. NEILL SURVEY,
ABSTRACT NO. 1159
GRAND PRAIRIE, DALLAS COUNTY, TEXAS
CITY OF GRAND PRAIRIE

ROOT ANCHOR IN BELOW GRADE SAFETY STAGE SIZING CHART					
ITEM #	DESCRIPTION	NAIL LENGTH X 3PC (INCLUDED)	ITEM #	DESCRIPTION	NAIL LENGTH X 3PC (INCLUDED)
5160	5/16" GALVON 10" ROOT BALL	84.1" 3"	10110	1/2" GALVON 36" ROOT BALL	85.3" 0"
11660	5/16" GALVON 17" ROOT BALL	84.1" 3"	12110	1/2" GALVON 42" ROOT BALL	85.3" 0"
20160	5/16" GALVON 22" ROOT BALL	84.1" 3"	20110	3/8" GALVON 48" ROOT BALL	85.3" 7"
30160	5/16" GALVON 27.5" ROOT BALL	84.1" 3"	30110	3/8" GALVON 60" ROOT BALL	85.3" 7"

A detailed cross-sectional diagram of a tree trunk and its root system. The diagram illustrates the transition from the above-ground stem to the below-ground roots. Key features labeled include:

- TOP OF BALL OR ROOT CROWN**: The uppermost part of the root system.
- ROOT COLLAR**: The area where the stem meets the roots.
- REFER TO GRADE**: A horizontal line indicating the ground level.
- OPTIMAL FOR ANCHORING**: A region of the root system designed for stability.
- NEK AND FIBER LAYER**: A specific layer within the root structure.
- 4" MULCH LAYER**: A layer of mulch above the soil.
- WATER LAYER**: A layer of water above the soil.
- NATIVE SOIL**: The natural ground beneath the mulch and water layers.

 The diagram uses various hatching and shading to represent different materials and soil types.

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